Physics	
Building Combined Series-Parallel Cir	cuits

Name _____ Date

Electric Circuit Sketch – Draw the circuit you are to build by using the symbols for electric circuits.

Part II

Part I

- 1. Build the above circuit for part I.
- 2. Observe the light bulbs in the circuit. Why are R_2 and R_3 dimmer than R_1 ?
- 3. Unscrew R₁. What happens to the remaining bulbs? Why?
- 4. Unscrew R₂. What happens to the remaining bulbs? Why?
- 5. Compare the brightness of R_1 when R_2 is connected and then unconnected? Provide a reason for your observation.
- 6. Compare the brightness of R_1 with R_3 when R_2 is unscrewed? Provide a reason for your observation.
- 7. Connect all the bulbs. Now unscrew R₃. What happens to the remaining bulbs? Why?
- 8. Compare the brightness of R₁ when R₃ is connected and then unconnected? Provide a reason for your observation.
- 9. Compare the brightness of R_1 with R_2 when R_3 is unscrewed? Provide a reason for your observation.
- 10. Measure V_T, V₁, V₂, and V₃ with a voltmeter and record below. Remember that the voltmeter is not a part of the circuit.

 $V_T \equiv$

 $V_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

V₂ = _____

 $V_3 =$

- a) How does V_2 and V_3 compare?
- b) Add V_1 and V_2 , then add V_1 and V_3 . How do both compare to V_T ?

	the ammeter in the circuit. If the ammeter is connected properly the bulb will go back on.
	$ m I_T = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
	$I_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
	$I_2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
	I₃ =a) Add I₂ and I₃ and compare it to I₁.
	a) Add 12 and 13 and compare it to 11.
	t II
	Build the above circuit for part II. Observe the light bulbs in the circuit. Compare the brightness of the bulbs. What explanation can you provide for your observations?
3.	Unscrew R ₁ . What happens to the remaining bulbs? Why?
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5.	Unscrew R ₃ . What happens to the remaining bulbs? Why?
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